

...king drew a check for the amount which Mr. Green, we believe, had the check it was Mr. Green was not had no account there *like in.—Pic.*

FROM TEXAS

DEFEAT OF THE Steamship New York, at this port in forty-stion. Through the perof the New York, rs to the 29th ultimo possession.

agement between the and the Mexican Fed-s, the Anglo-Ameri-it the result is alto-what it had been stand- ing accounts. The under Lopez, num-ling 114 Americans The Centralist force s numbered 700 men, of three pieces of can-Lopez attempted to bel- to the Centralists.— of army fled, and Ar- ordan, had to face and , notwithstanding the umber. The Ameri-ces of cannon, spiked umber of the enemy' with the loss of only

accounts received *via* ed in the city papers, all captured, and shot ita

Esq., has been recog-amar as Vice-Council French for the port of

f the Secretary of the that the total funded p to the 30th Septem-69.

in February is the day person who may wish he vessel or cargo cap- onio.

has obtained from Con- from the seat of Gov- rable period, with the his health by a change

roduced in the Senate he promissary notes of axes and duties.

House of Represen- the Hon. M. de Saligny, and tendered him an- ession of the House at nit his convenience.— complimentary terms epublic.—*Pic.*

...

appointed time."

WHIG TICKET.

REGULAR NOMINATED TICKET, For Representatives to the Legislature for Marshall county.

**H. H. MEANS,
JOHN T. FINLEY,
Wm. CRUMP,
H. O. ALLEN.**

The Election to take place on the 25th and 26th inst.

HOLLY SPRINGS, DEC. 19.

THE WHIG ADVOCATE

Manifest considerable asperity, in regard to what it styles presumption in the suggestions of the Vicksburg Whig and Natchez Courier, in bringing forward the names of Judge Guion for Governor and A. L. Bingaman as candidate for Representative in Congress.

Now the Whig Advocate may entertain sentiments very remote from those of dictation, but it does appear to us rather premature in its objections to Judge Guion or Col. Bingaman. We have not the least doubt if Judge Guion is nominated, as candidate for the Gubernatorial chair, and Col. B. for Representative, that they will receive the support of the Whig Party of the State, but so far as the election of Governor is concerned, it is generally understood that Judge Sharkey or Judge Shattuck, would be more likely to receive the undivided support in the Northern part of the State. We cannot say but that we condemn the spirit manifested in the article contained in the Whig Advocate, for there is no earthly use in casting an insinuation derogatory to the uniform and we are proud to say independent course of Col. A. L. Bingaman, he has laid the Whig party under many obligations, *which doubtless it would be proud to acknowledge;*—and as for the insinuation that the election of Col. John Henderson to the U. S. Senate was the result of a caucus, we deny it. There has not been a Senator from the State for many years (if ever) who has fulfilled the expectations of the people of his State more fully than John Henderson, he has done as much to elevate the character of Mississippi, as circumstances would permit and we rather suspect Mr. Henderson a more popular man in Mississippi, than our cotemporary of Canton is advised of, we regret however to differ with our political friends on such matters, but it does seem as though a portion of the whig party is moved by a spirit of dictation, (what it mostly condemns) are endeavouring to throw fire-brands—and create little cisms that must ultimately destroy that ascendancy which we have labored so much to acquire for the last 10 or 12 years.

"*Spivs*," such as is contained in the Advocate, embodying so much acrimony and unjust insinuation is calculated to do no earthly good and but adds another weapon to Locofocoism to

I had supposed, that my views were so fully explained on the question of the separation of government and banks, that they were generally understood by the people of the United States. I delivered two speeches on the separation at the Extra-session, which I presume you have seen, which went fully into that question. I have no spare copies or would enclose them to you. As to the subtreasury, I consider it, but a consequence of the separation. It means no more, than such a reorganization of the Treasury, as will enable it to safe keep and disburse the public money, which it must do, if the government should remain as it now is, separated from the banks. That subject will be up for discussion this day week, and if it cannot be shown, that it is vastly superior in almost every respect, and more consistent with our principles, and better for the South, there is no truth in argument. I wonder, that there should be any division in the South, and I anticipate there will be but one opinion on the subject, in less than three years. Our prosperity will convince those, whom reason has failed convince. There is now in South Carolina but one opinion, and it must be admitted, she is a competent judge, where the question involves southern principles, or southern interest.

As to the Presidency, I beg my friends to understand, that while, I am grateful to them for their good opinion, that it has but little attraction for me. My ambition, if such, it may be called, lies in a different direction.—Twelve years ago, I saw the country was approaching a precipice—I determined to hazard every thing to save it, and if that should prove impossible, to save the South, at all events. The danger is not yet over, and I have *no object but to see it through.*—That done, it is MY DESIRE TO RETIRE TO PRIVATE LIFE. I desire nothing from government, nor people. All the reward I want, is the reflection I have done my duty to the utmost and shall be glad to RETIRE, whenever it is thought my services are not needed.

Respectfully yours,
J. C. CALHOUN.
E. J. FOSTER, Esq.
Natchez, Miss.

REFORM.
We hope the wailings of the Locos, and their crocodile appeals to the magnanimity of their victors, will not prevent that thorough purging of the offices, which the interest and welfare of this nation demands at the hands of the next administration.—We have ever believed it to be wrong to continue in office, partizans, who could so far forget the duties they owe an impartial administration of their office, as to be seen canvassing the elections in support of those who placed them in office, it does appear to us more like they were engaged fighting for their bread than an impartial discharge of duty. Our notion is that no brawling partizan ought to be entrusted with an office.

dissolution could out the, intervene necessarily would destructive scene
Gov. Bagby interest of the Union to protect their slavery material which source and capital labor. Hence position to the ern incendiary
Does Gov community can these southern ment of this U he knows it. a cation party. everlastingly "Direct Trac of Southern Conventions" Demagogues rise alone from of a bloody re
Gov. Bag prayers, for p him and all h people will re mortal Washi tion upon ever on."
"It is also be rious necessit racommended, slaveholding as may be det that we may b tion with thos same footing most effectual piness and sa us, no matter the sincerity o ment, to be c Constitution, yielding to th fanaticism w against it. A pleasing antic strument shall essential con founders, it b patriots, but as the powerful provide new g I am deliberate that the period of the South this subject, or