

the first Monday of April next, that the citizens of Ma shall unity, and the State generally, be invited to attend said meeting with distinction of party. The following gentlemen were appointed a committee.

- Col Wm. L. M'pkin,
- J. L. Totten, Esq.,
- Joseph W. Chalmers,
- P. W. Lucas, Esq.,
- Jesse Lewellen, Esq.,
- A. J. Caru hers, Esq.,
- Levi McCrosky,
- S. Hollin,
- D. McNeil,
- Gen. A. B. Bralord,
- Maj. Andrew L. Martin,
- O. D. Sledge,
- John A. Rogers,
- Col. W. Davis,
- Hon. F. W. Huling,
- A. C. McEwen,
- Wm. F. Mason,
- Jesse Mansur,
- Dr. John Pitman,
- Peter W. Johnson.

In motion of J. L. Totten, Esq. Resolved, that the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and copies furnished for publication in the papers of his town.

J. C. ALDERSON, Chm'n.
ESSE LEWELLEN, Sec.

[Communicated.]

The Republic of Rome was, we think, very similar, and not much inferior to our Government. Like it, all the officers were elected by the people, and the Legislative department consisted of a Senate of three hundred. The Consuls, who were elected pretty much to our President, were the executive officers, they were two in number, and were elected by the people, annually. Their powers did not exceed that of our President, yet we learn from history, that in a short a was the duration of their term of office, and limited as was their power, they, by a long course of gradual usurpation, during one or two centuries, finally, rode triumphantly over the length and breadth of the constitution of their country, and established the most despotic monarchy, and the bleeding liberties of their people. How instructive, should we not progress to supreme power, be as, who have a similar government, whose executive officer has gathered powers, because concentrated the hands of one, instead of two, the duration of whose term of office is a four-times as long, and c u-

discovered by its people. Ambitious men, under the name of old, and long cherished principles, conceal the basest designs, and by the aid of party succeeds in carrying them through. History teems with instances.— Oliver Cromwell rode into power sword in hand, upon the hobby of religion over the dead body of his sovereign.— Bonaparte mounted his throne, with the Constitution in his hand, but no sooner was he seated, than he trampled it beneath his feet. Our present administration are avowedly on the hobby of Democracy! (a name justly dear to the people) where their principal measures and whole course are in direct opposition to it, they advocate the increase of executive power and patronage, and screen the corruption of government from the investigation of the people, who have a right to investigate it; forgetting that honest men have nothing to conceal.

As an evidence of the evil effects of party spirit which now pervades our Union, we quote the opinion of Dr. Channing, who is considered the ablest writer in the United States. He says: "The spirit of intrigue, which in absolute Governments, is confined to courts, walks abroad through our land; and as individuals can accomplish no political purpose singly handled, they bind themselves into parties ostensibly framed for public ends, but aiming only at the acquisition of power. The nominal sovereign—that is the people—like all other sovereigns, is courted and flattered, and told that it can do no wrong. Its pride is pampered, its passions inflamed, its prejudices made inveterate.— Such are the processes by which other Republics have fallen, and he must be blind who cannot trace them among ourselves."

Our form of government is peculiarly adapted to the success of ambitious and designing demagogues where the right of suffrage is not subject to a property qualification; but all are equally entitled to a voice, and have equal weight, where the great majority of voters are entirely unacquainted with politics, and where the snuff frequently vents his political party, as well as his for one, from his father, and consequently too often identifies men with measures. There are always thousands who are caught by the bright color, the glove of the artificial butterfly, without having the observation to perceive the bubbed instrument concealed beneath it. The position of parties has, in the last half century, totally changed. At the formation of our Government, the Federal party advocated the increase of power in the President, the concentration of the Government, or in other words, the assimilating it as much to a monarchy as possible; their opponents were Democrats, (not in its modern, but its original meaning) who advocated measures diametrically opposite; that is giving to the executive less power, making him more immediately responsible to the

March 31, 1840. no. 2—3t.

SHERIFF SALE.

GIDEON FROST &c.

vs. Fi Fa.

DANIEL McNEILL et al.

By virtue of the above stated Fi Fa to me directed, I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House in the town of Holly Springs on the first Monday of May next, all the right title claim that Daniel McNeill has to the South West quarter of Section 10 Township 2 Range 1 west, taken as the property of said D. McNeill at the instance of Gideon Frost. Sale at usual hours.

H. FERRE, L. Dep.

For L. McCROSKEY, Sheriff.

March 26th 1840, no. 2—3t. P. a. fee 24.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

MONROE COUNTY.

CIRCUIT COURT Feb. term 1840

Henry Anderson
George Wightman
& O. D. Herndon
for Hen. Anderson,

all for \$357.

vs
Jefferson W. Green.

Ordered by the Court that publication be made six successive weeks in the Holly Springs Banner a news paper printed at Holly Springs in said State, notifying the defendant of the pendency of this suit, and that unless he enters his appearance at the next term of this Court, and plead, answer or demur that judgment final will be had and the property so attached, will be sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand. Issued 11th March 1840. S. H. BUCKINGHAM, Ck.

March, 31, no. 2—3t. Pr. fee \$7.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

MONROE COUNTY.

CIRCUIT COURT Feb. term, 1840.

G. W. Coopwood

vs. all.

John H. Lawson.

Ordered by the court that publication be made six successive weeks in the Holly Springs Banner, a news paper printed at Holly Springs, in said State, notifying the defendant of the pendency of this suit, and that unless he enters his appearance at the next term of this Court, and plead, answer or demur that judgment final will be had and the property so attached will be sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand. Issued 11th March, 1840. S. H. BUCKINGHAM, Ck.

March, 31, no. 2—6t. Prs. fee \$7.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

MONROE COUNTY.

CIRCUIT COURT Feb. term, 1840.

Berj F. Coopwood,

vs. att.

John H. Lawson.